INTERNATIONAL ORGANISATION FOR STANDARDISATION ORGANISATION INTERNATIONALE DE NORMALISATION ISO/IEC JTC1/SC29/WG11 CODING OF MOVING PICTURES AND AUDIO

ISO/IEC JTC1/SC29/WG11 MPEG2012/M25187 May 2012, Geneva, Switzerland

Source Poznań University of Technology,

Chair of Multimedia Telecommunications and Microelectronics, Poznań, Poland

Status Report

Title 3D-CE1h cross check of RWTH University proposal on Warping Based

Prediction by Poznan University of Technology

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1 Introduction

This documents presents Core Experiment 1 for High Efficiency Video Coding (HEVC) based 3D Video Coding [1] cross check attained by Poznan University of Technology. The tools that was investigated was proposed by RWTH University in [2]. Tool was evaluated according to the common test conditions [3]. Documents provides results in terms of rate and distortion both coded and synthesized views.

2 Short tool description

The Warping Based Prediction proposed by RWTH University utilize synthesized image generated from base view, at spatial position of codded view, as the reference picture.

3 Test Platform

The simulations results was generated on a ~80 core cluster system. This cluster platform's processing units have the following specifications:

• Processor: Intel Xeon X5675

Clock Speed: 3.06 GHz

• Memory: approx. 4 GB per Core

• OS: 64-bit Windows Server 2008

• Compiler: Microsoft Visual Studio 2008 (64 bit)

4 Results

Table 1. Simulation results in term of BD-rate.

	Texture Coding		Synthesized Views		Complexity estimate (ratio to anchor)		
	BD-rate	BD-rate	BD-rate	BD-rate	Encoder	Decoder	Rendering
	(piecewise	(cubic)	(piecewise	(cubic)	Time, [%]	Time, [%]	Time, [%]
	cubic)		cubic)				
Poznan Street	0,26%	0,24%	0,76%	0,79%	103%	140%	99%
Poznan Hall2	-0,01%	-0,01%	0,01%	0,01%	103%	138%	101%
Undo Dancer	-1,98%	-2,00%	-1,17%	-1,19%	109%	144%	101%
GT-Fly	-0,16%	-0,17%	0,09%	0,09%	103%	143%	100%
Kendo	1,85%	1,84%	1,29%	1,29%	104%	123%	100%
Balloons	1,66%	1,65%	0,86%	0,85%	104%	123%	99%
NewspaperCC	2,05%	2,06%	0,34%	0,34%	117%	145%	100%
Average	0,52%	0,52%	0,31%	0,31%	106%	137%	100%

Detailed results can be found in attached Excel file.

5 Conclusions

Attained results match those provided by RWTH University. Although exact BD-Rates are slightly differ due to different rounding of the PSNR metrics.

Obtained results shows that warping base prediction can provide gains on sequence with good depth maps.

Decoder and Renderer can be further optimized and thus current decoder time increase is not strong argument against view synthesis based prediction.

6 References

- [1] Anthony Vetro, Karsten Müller, "Description of Core experiments in 3D video coding", ISO/IEC JTC1/SC29/WG11 MPEG, N12561 2012.
- [2] Fabian Jäger, "3D-CE1.h Results on Warping Based Prediction by RWTH Aachen University", ISO/IEC JTC1/SC29/WG!! MPEG, M24868, Geneva, Switzerland, April 2012
- [3] Dmytro Rusanovskyy Heiko Schwarz, "Common Test Conditions for HEVC- and AVC-based 3DV," ISO/IEC JTC1/SC29/WG11 MPEG, N12560 2012.
- [3] M. Domański, T. Grajek, K. Klimaszewski, M. Kurc, O. Stankiewicz, J. Stankowski, K. Wegner, "Poznań Multiview Video Test Sequences and Camera Parameters", ISO/IEC JTC1/SC29/WG11 MPEG 2009/M17050, Xian, China, October 2009.