INTERNATIONAL ORGANIZATION FOR STANDARDIZATION ORGANISATION INTERNATIONALE DE NORMALISATION ISO/IEC JTC 1/SC 29/WG 04 MPEG VIDEO CODING

ISO/IEC JTC 1/SC 29/WG 04 m63684

July 2023, Geneva, Switzerland

Title[MIV] On indexing of syntax elements in the extended geometry assistance SEISourcePUT

Authors Adrian Dziembowski, Dawid Mieloch, Błażej Szydełko

Abstract

This document proposes to change indexing of syntax elements within the EGA SEI, addressing issue #499: https://mpeg.expert/software/MPEG/Video/MIV/Specifications/23090-12/-/issues/499

1 Syntax and semantics

Change of variable names:

- sbl -> i
- sbc -> j
- |v| -> k

Other possible name changes / changes to be discussed:

- recursive_split_function -> recursive_split_structure (?)
- rsf_ -> rss (?)

F.2.8.3 Block-based geometry features: recursive split function

recursive_split_function(v, i, j, k) {	Descriptor
if(k < bbgf_max_number_of_splits[v]) {	
rsf_split_flag <mark>[v][i][j][k]</mark>	u(1)
}	
if(k < bbgf_max_number_of_splits[v] && rsf_split_flag <mark>[v][i][j][k]</mark>) {	
rsf_quad_split_flag <mark>[v][i][j][k]</mark>	u(1)
if(rsf_quad_split_flag <mark>[v][i][j][k]</mark>) {	
recursive_split_function(v, i, j, k + 1)	
recursive_split_function(v, i, j + 1, k + 1)	
recursive_split_function(v, i + 1, j, k + 1)	
recursive_split_function(v, i + 1, j + 1, k + 1)	
} else {	
rsf_split_orientation_flag <mark>[v][i][j][k]</mark>	u(1)

rsf_split_symmetry_flag <mark>[v][i][j][k]</mark>	u(1)
if(!rsf_split_symmetry_flag <mark>[v][i][j][k]</mark>) {	
rsf_split_first_block_bigger <mark>[v][i][j][k]</mark>	u(1)
}	
if(rsf_split_orientation_flag <mark>[v][i][j][k]</mark>) {	
recursive_split_function(v, i, j, k + 1)	
recursive_split_function(v, i, j + 1, k + 1)	
} else {	
recursive_split_function(v, i, j, k + 1)	
recursive_split_function(v, i + 1, j, k + 1)	
}	
}	
} else {	
rsf_skip_flag <mark>[v][i][j][k]</mark>	u(1)
if(!rsf_skip_flag <mark>[v][i][j][k]</mark>) {	
if(i == 0 && j == 0) { /* none */	
LTMinFlag = 2	
LTMaxFlag = 2	
} else if(i == 0) { /* left */	
LTMinFlag = 0	
LTMaxFlag = 0	
} else if(j == 0) { /* top */	
LTMinFlag = 1	
LTMaxFlag = 1	
} else {	
rsf_ltmin_flag <mark>[v][i][j][k]</mark>	u(1)
rsf_ltmax_flag <mark>[v][i][j][k]</mark>	u(1)
LTMinFlag = rsf_ltmin_flag <mark>[v][i][j][k]</mark>	
LTMaxFlag = rsf_ltmax_flag <mark>[v][i][j][k]</mark>	
}	
rsf_zmin_delta <mark>[v][i][k]</mark>	se(v)
rsf_zmax_delta[v][i][j][k]	se(v)
}	
}	
}	

F.3.9.3 Block-based geometry features: recursive split function

Table F-1 indicates the available split types (including no split) of a block, with the associated values of the block division syntax. Figure F-1 shows an example of the block subdivision of a view.



Table F-1 — The different block split types and associated values of the syntax elements

Figure F-1 — Example of a partition of a view into possible block divisions with bbgf_max_number_of_splits[v] set to 3

rsf_split_flag[v][i][j][k] equal to 1 indicates that the <mark>current</mark> block with indexes i, j, k of the view with index v is split into smaller subblocks. rsf_split_flag[v][i][j][k] equal to 0 indicates that the current block with indexes i, j, k of the view with index v is not split into smaller subblocks.

rsf_quad_split_flag[v][i][j][k] equal to 0 indicates that the current block with indexes i, j, k of the view with index v is split into two rectangular subblocks. rsf_quad_split_flag[v][i][j][k] equal to 1 indicates that the current block with indexes i, j, k of the view with index v is split into four square subblocks of identical sizes.

rsf_split_orientation_flag[v][i][j][k] equal to 0 indicates that the current block with indexes i, j, k of the view with index v is split horizontally. rsf_split_orientation_flag[v][i][j][k] equal to 1 indicates that the current block with indexes i, j, k of the view with index v is split vertically.

rsf_split_symmetry_flag[v][i][j][k] equal to 0 indicates that the area of the two sublocks of the block with indexes i, j, k of the view with index v differ, with the division occuring at a quarter of the block width from one end. rsf_split_symmetry_flag[v][i][j][k] equal to 1 indicates that the area of the two sublocks of the block with indexes i, j, k of the view with index v is equal.

rsf_split_first_block_bigger[v][i][j][k] equal to 1 indicates that the first subblock of the block with indexes i, j, k of the view with index v (top subblock if rsf_split_orientation_flag[v][i][j][k] is equal to 0, and left subblock if rsf_split_orientation_flag[v][i][j][k] is equal to 1) is bigger than the second subblock. rsf_split_first_block_bigger[v][i][j][k] equal to 0 indicates that the first subblock of the block with indexes i, j, k of the view with index v is smaller than the second subblock.

rsf_skip_flag[v][i][j][k] equal to 0 indicates that rsf_zmin_delta[v][i][j][k] and rsf_zmax_delta[v][i][j][k] syntax elements are present in the bitstream, and that rsf_ltmin_flag[v][i][j][k] and rsf_ltmax_flag[v][i][j][k] may be present. rsf_skip_flag equal[v][i][j][k] to 1 indicates that no other syntax elements are present in the bitstream for the current block with indexes i, j, k of the view with index v, and it suggests that the geometry information in this block has not changed since the previous frame in display order.

rsf_ltmin_flag[v][i][j][k] equal to 0 indicates that the prediction of the current minimum geometry of the block with indexes i, j, k of the view with index v is to be taken from the left block, otherwise from the top block.

rsf_ltmax_flag[v][i][j][k] equal to 0 indicates that the prediction of the current maximum geometry of the block with indexes i, j, k of the view with index v is to be taken from the left block, otherwise from the top block.

rsf_zmin_delta[v][i][j][k] specifies the remainder to be added to the prediction to obtain the minimum geometry value suggested for the current block with indexes i, j, k of the view with index v.

rsf_zmax_delta[v][i][j][k] specifies the remainder to be added to the prediction to obtain the maximum geometry value suggested for the $\frac{\text{current}}{\text{current}}$ block with indexes i, j, k of the view with index $\frac{v}{v}$.

Variables *ZMinLeft* and *ZMaxLeft* are set to the minimum and maximum geometry range of the left block, respectively, and if available.

Variables *ZMinTop* and *ZMaxTop* are set to the minimum and maximum geometry range of the top block, respectively, and if available.

The suggested minimum geometry range *ZMin* and maximum geometry range *ZMax* of the current block with indexes i, j, k of the view with index v are derived by the following formulae:

$$ZMin = (LTMinFlag == 2?0: LTMinFlag == 1?ZMinTop: ZMinLeft + bbgf_qs[v] * rsf_zmin_delta[v][i][j][k]$$
(F-1)

$$ZMax = (LTMaxFlag == 2?0: LTMaxFlag == 1?ZminTop: ZminLeft) + + bbgf_qs[v] * rsf_zmax_delta[v][i][j][k]$$
(F-2)

2 Recommendation

We recommend adopting the proposed syntax changes into the Working Draft.

3 Acknowledgement

The research was supported by the Ministry of Science and Higher Education of Republic of Poland.